

BETWEEN:

Godfrey ZABURONI
Appellant

and

The Queen
Respondent



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APPELLANT'S CHRONOLOGY

Part I:

I certify that this chronology is in a form suitable for publication on the internet.

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Part II:

April 1998

The appellant was diagnosed as HIV positive and told of the sexual transmissibility of the disease (QCA at [5]).

2005

The appellant arranged for a friend to take a blood test in lieu of him for a visa application (QCA at [42]).

31 December 2006

The appellant and complainant met and commenced a relationship (including sexual) shortly thereafter (QCA at [7]).

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Mid to late 2007

The complainant fell ill with ailments. She was diagnosed with glandular fever but there was evidence at trial that this may have been sero conversion illness due to HIV illness (QCA at [9]-[10], Ex 2 at [21]).

September 2008

The relationship between the complainant and the appellant ended (QCA at [10]).

Late August 2009

The complainant requested a sexually transmitted infections test (QCA at [10]). The complainant was advised there was a 60% chance she was HIV positive (QCA at [10]). The complainant spoke to the appellant after she was told this and he told her he definitely did not have HIV (QCA at [11]).

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1 September 2009

The complainant saw the appellant. The appellant told her that he was HIV positive, that he had known for 6 months and that a doctor told him he had had it for 2 years (QCA at [11]). The appellant was asked by a friend of the complainant why he had not told the complainant of his diagnosis and he responded "*I didn't want to ruin her life.*" (T1-53.38-40).

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- 2 September 2009 The complainant's diagnosis of HIV positive was confirmed (QCA at [11]).
- November 2009 During a telephone conversation recorded by the police the appellant told the complainant that he had found out he had HIV 6 months after they broke up (QCA at [12]).
- 10 24 May 2010 The appellant was interviewed by the police. He told the police he and the complainant had unprotected sexual intercourse on two occasions and was not told that he had to tell people about his diagnosis before he had sexual intercourse with them (QCA at [13], MFI E, MFI F).
- 26 May 2010 The appellant was interviewed by the police and admitted his friend had taken a blood test for him for the purposes of a visa application (MFI G).
- 20 15-18 April 2013 The appellant stood trial before Dick DCJ and a jury charged with transmit a serious disease contrary to s317(b) and (e) of the *Criminal Code 1899* (Qld).
- 18 April 2013 The jury found the appellant guilty of transmit a serious disease with intent.
- Dick DCJ sentenced the appellant to 9 years and 6 months imprisonment.
- 30 15 April 2014 The Queensland Court of Appeal dismissed the appellant's appeal against conviction.
- 28 September 2022 The sentence imposed on the appellant will expire.

Dated: 10 December 2015



T A Game

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