

ON APPEAL FROM THE FEDERAL COURT OF AUSTRALIA

BETWEEN:

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AAR15
Appellant

and

MINISTER FOR IMMIGRATION AND BORDER PROTECTION
First Respondent

and

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ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS TRIBUNAL
Second Respondent

APPELLANT'S CHRONOLOGY

Part I:

I certify that this chronology is in a form suitable for publication on the internet.

Part II:

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1. Pronounced tensions between Kasain Luba and other Katanganese, early 1960s, AB;
2. Appellant's date of birth in Likasi, Katanga, DRC, February 1991, AB;
3. Policy of ethnic cleansing against Luba in Katanga, 1992-1993, AB;
4. State supported youth militia killed over 5,000; displaced 1,350k, 1992-1993, AB;
- 40 5. Security forces detained 75,000; evacuated to Kasai, 1993-1993, AB;
6. Appellant's father died, 1993, AB;
7. Appellant's claim that he and some siblings moved to Zambia, Maheba Refugee Camp, 2000, AB;

8. President Luarent Kabila assassinated; succeeded by Joseph Kabila, 2001, AB;
9. UNHCR reported ethnic conflict "apparent" between Kasian Luba and Katanganese, Lunda, 2005, AB;
10. Humanitarian visa refused, 2006, AB;
- 10 11. ICG reported Katangan province was divided by, "tensions between southerners and northerners, between outsiders and natives, and between Mai-Mai militias and the national army"; tension had decreased and many Kasaians returned to Lubumbashi and Likasi, 09.01.2006, AB;
12. UK Home Office reported Luba-Lunda conflict reignited in lead-up to presidential elections; 750,000 Kasains had not returned to Katanga, 21.05.2008, AB;
13. Announcement of election to be held in 2011, 2010, AB;
14. Appellant's claim to have joined UDPS, January 2011, AB;
- 20 15. MRG listed Luba as minority group at future risk of "genocide, mass killing or other systematic violent repression", 28 June 2011, AB;
16. Presidential election campaign of Tshisekedi began and attack at meeting by UNAFEC, 05.11.2011, AB;
17. Appellant's claim of attack by PPRD, 07.11.2011, AB;
18. Appellant's claim of arrest, beating and torture, 08.12.2011, AB;
- 30 19. Appellant arrived at Zambian border, 15.12.2011, AB;
20. Appellant's claims in Statutory Declaration sworn, 09.08.2012, AB;
21. Appellant's revised Statutory Declaration, 14.03.2013, AB;
22. Decision of delegate of Department of Immigration refusing visa, 23.08.2013, AB;
- 40 23. "After a period of relative calm in 2010 and 2011, active fighting resumed in Katanga province, causing widespread panic and leading to massive displacement. The situation worsened in early 2013 as the Congolese army prepared for offensive operations against Mai Mai militias, and tens of thousands more were displaced": MSF, 2014, AB;
24. Armed militia groups 'continue to carry out brutal attacks on civilians across central Congo': Human Rights Watch, 2014, AB;

25. "Fighting in the eastern DRC between DRC armed forces and armed groups continues to cause displacement of many people as civilians move to avoid the violence and shelling": UK FCO, 31.03.2014, AB;
26. Reports that "violence is particularly high in the eastern provinces of the country, where armed conflict between government security forces and local militia groups (also called Mai Mai) is ongoing":
- 10 (a) UN Security Council, 05.03.2014, AB;
- (b) McGregor, 04.04.2014, AB;
- (c) Human Rights Watch, World Report 2014: DRC, 2014, AB;
- (d) UNHCR, 2014, AB;
- (e) UN Human Rights Council, 01.09.2014, AB;
27. Hearing before Refugee Review Tribunal, 08.10.2014, AB;
- 20 28. Decision of Refugee Review Tribunal, 19.01.2015, AB;
29. Hearing and Decision of Federal Circuit Court, 14.09.2015, AB; and
30. Hearing and Decision of Federal Court of Australia, 19.02.2016, AB.

30 Date: 5 October 2016



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Nathan Draper
Solicitor for the Appellant

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Telephone: (08) 9324 2111
Facsimile: (08) 9324 2036
Email: nathan@granichpartners.com.au